

Eighth Day

Judy

Kersey

Karickhoff

Journal of the House

State of Indiana

Wednesday Afternoon

120th General Assembly

First Regular Session

January 18, 2017

The invocation was offered by Pastor Shan Rutherford of Greenwood Christian Church in Greenwood, a guest of Representative Burton. The House convened at 1:30 p.m. with Speaker Brian C. Bosma in the Chair. The Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag was led by Representative DeVon. The Speaker ordered the roll of the House to be called: Arnold □ Kirchhofer Klinker Austin Aylesworth Lawson Bacon Lehe Baird Lehman Bartlett Leonard Bauer Lucas Behning Lvness Beumer Macer **Borders** Mahan Braun May Mayfield C. Brown □ McNamara □ T. Brown Burton Miller Candelaria Reardon Moed □ Carbaugh Morris Cherry □ Morrison Clere Moseley Cook Negele Culver Nisly Davisson Ober Olthoff DeLaney DeVon Pelath Dvorak □ Pierce Eberhart Porter Ellington Pressel Engleman Pryor Errington Richardson Forestal Saunders Friend Schaiblev Frizzell Shackleford Frye □ Siegrist GiaQuinta Slager Goodin Smaltz Gutwein M. Smith □ Hamilton V. Smith Hamm Soliday Harris Speedy Hatfield Stemler Heaton Steuerwald Heine Sullivan Huston Summers Jordan J. Taylor

Thompson

VanNatter □

Torr

Washburne J. Young
Wesco Zent □
Wolkins □ Ziemke
Wright Mr. Speaker

Roll Call 9: 86 present; 14 excused. The Speaker announced a quorum in attendance. [NOTE: □ indicates those who were excused.]

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that when we do adjourn, we adjourn until Monday, January 23, 2017, at 1:30 p.m.

LEHMAN

The motion was adopted by a constitutional majority.

RESOLUTIONS ON FIRST READING

House Resolution 6

Representatives Bartlett and Baird introduced House Resolution 6:

A HOUSE RESOLUTION honoring the inductees and the Indiana Military Veterans Hall of Fame.

Whereas, The Indiana Military Veterans Hall of Fame (IMVHOF) was founded in 2013;

Whereas, The mission of the IMVHOF is to publicly "emphasize the honor brought to our state and nation by the sacrifice of Indiana military veterans and their families";

Whereas, The first Hoosiers were inducted into the IMVHOF on November 7, 2014:

Whereas, The 2016 inductees are Charles R. Williams, James Chancellor, Michael E. Randall Sr., Robert J. Dorshak, Daniel L. Oates, William A. Hoos Jr., Edward Placencia, James M. Brown, Thomas J. Scecina, H. Weir Cook, H. Troy Hanna, and George N. Craig;

Whereas, Nominations came from all over the state and represented military veterans from World War I through the current engagements in the Middle East and elsewhere;

Whereas, Each inductee receives a medallion representing the IMVHOF and its relationship to Indiana;

Whereas, The medallion's front side depicts Indiana and the name of the organization while the back side displays the state flag and the engraved name of the inductee encircled by the names of the five branches of the United States armed forces;

Whereas, Throughout the history of our great nation, hundreds of thousands of men and women have served their country with honor and pride in time of war and peace; and

Whereas, The Indiana Military Veterans Hall of Fame honors these brave Hoosier veterans for their service and shares their stories of sacrifice with the people of our state: Therefore,

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. That the Indiana House of Representatives recognizes the inductees into the Indiana Military Veterans Hall of Fame for their great bravery and dedication to duty. Without brave men and women like these, our state and nation could not exist.

SECTION 2. That the Principal Clerk of the House of Representatives shall transmit a copy of this resolution to the Board of Directors of the Indiana Military Veterans Hall of Fame.

The resolution was read a first time and adopted by voice vote.

House Resolution 7

Representatives Judy and Morris introduced House Resolution 7:

A HOUSE RESOLUTION urging the Legislative Council to assign to the appropriate study committee the topic of a Fair Tax at the state level.

Whereas, H.R. 25, The Fair Tax Act of 2015, is known as a proposal in the United States Congress to repeal all federal individual and corporate income taxes, individual payroll taxes and corporate matching payroll taxes, individual and corporate capital gains taxes, estate and gift taxes; to impose a single-rate national consumption tax, at the retail level only, on all purchases of new products and services within the United States; and to establish a monthly family consumption tax rebate for qualified legal residents and to authorize the states to collect the national consumption tax;

Whereas, Several states are studying or have introduced legislation to enact a consumption tax based on the same principles found in H.R. 25, The Fair Tax Act; South Carolina House Bill H. 3211 represents the most accurate model of a Fair Tax at the state level;

Whereas, The first state to enact Fair Tax legislation at a state level could initiate similar tax reform throughout the states;

Whereas, Businesses willing to relocate may move to states with Fair Tax laws to gain lower state tax liabilities and legal United States residents may move to states with Fair Tax laws to gain employment, lower taxes, and family consumption tax rebates;

Whereas, To ensure that Indiana continues to prosper and grow, the topic of a Fair Tax at the state level should be comprehensively and thoroughly studied;

Whereas, Because a Fair Tax at the state level would require a major overhaul of the current Indiana tax code, an initial study should be conducted to determine the total consumption tax rate consisting of tax rates required to fund the state, plus the total local consumption tax rates required to fund each individual county, plus tax rates to fund the family consumption tax rebate; and

Whereas, A study analysis should be independently conducted by two universities in Indiana and by a private institute with expertise in the study of state tax structure: Therefore,

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. That the Legislative Council is urged to assign the topic of a Fair Tax at the state level to the appropriate study committee. The resolution was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

House Concurrent Resolution 6

Representative Miller introduced House Concurrent Resolution 6:

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION urging the Governor to proclaim May 6 as Moyamoya Awareness Day.

Whereas, Moyamoya causes certain brain arteries to become blocked and restrict blood flow;

Whereas, To compensate for the blockage, the body forms a tangle of tiny blood vessels;

Whereas, Left undiagnosed and untreated, the disease can lead to catastrophic neurological damage where both children and adults may experience a stroke followed by weakness or paralysis on one side of the body;

Whereas, Other symptoms of moyamoya include aphasia, a speech problem that impairs language comprehension, vision problems, disturbed consciousness, reduced cognitive ability, distorted functioning of senses, and involuntary movements;

Whereas, Because the arteries continue to narrow, surgery is needed to prevent mental decline and recurrent strokes; and

Whereas, Added awareness of moyamoya disease will hopefully result in further research and, one day soon, a cure for this dreaded disease: Therefore,

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, the Senate concurring:

SECTION 1. That the Indiana General Assembly wishes to bring attention to the terrible effects moyamoya disease has on those suffering from the disease and encourage further research toward a cure and to urge the Governor to proclaim May 6 as Moyamoya Awareness Day.

SECTION 2. That the Principal Clerk of the House of Representatives shall transmit a copy of this resolution to the Governor's office.

The resolution was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Public Health.

House Concurrent Resolution 7

Representative Beumer introduced House Concurrent Resolution 7:

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION urging the Indiana Department of Transportation to rename that section of U.S. Highway 27, both north and south, through Lynn, Indiana, as the "Captain Charles Edwin Engle Memorial Mile."

Whereas, Born on February 8, 1945, on a farm in eastern Indiana, Captain Charles Edwin Engle was the first of four children:

Whereas, Captain Engle attended public schools in Lynn, where he was active in sports, was a member of the National Honor Society throughout high school, and served as vice-president of his high school class twice;

Whereas, Captain Engle attended Purdue University, where he majored in physical education and was commissioned in the United States Air Force Reserves under The Reserve Officers' Training Corps (ROTC) program;

Whereas, Captain Engle completed Undergraduate Pilot Training and was awarded his pilot wings at Laughlin Air Force Base, Texas, in May 1969;

Whereas, After completing Forward Air Controller training, Captain Engle was assigned to the 21st Tactical Air Support Squadron (TASS) at Cam Ranh Bay in the Republic of Vietnam in September 1969;

Whereas, Captain Engle served with the 21st TASS until May 1970, when he transferred to the 56th Special Operations Wing at Udorn Royal Thai Air Force Base, Thailand;

Whereas, Captain Engle volunteered for the classified "Raven" (Project 404) program in Laos;

Whereas, Captain Engle arrived in Laos in May 1970, and was assigned to Long Tieng, the headquarters of the legendary Hmong leader, Major General Vang Pao;

Whereas, Fighting was heavy at Long Tieng, and Captain Engle's reputation as a skilled and capable fighter pilot spread quickly throughout the fighter pilot community;

Whereas, On June 20, 1970, while attempting to pinpoint a downed pilot's location, Captain Engle's aircraft encountered gunfire which severed the fuel line, drenching Captain Engle and his aircraft with fuel;

Whereas, During the attempted rescue of the downed pilot, the rescue helicopter received heavy automatic weapons fire;

Whereas, Realizing that the rescue aircraft may be shot down, Captain Engle maneuvered his aircraft between the gun position and the helicopter, allowing the helicopter to escape;

Whereas, Captain Engle was presented with the Air Force Cross (Posthumously), the second-highest decoration for valor, for his bravery under fire;

Whereas, Captain Engle was also presented with the Silver Star as a result of his gallantry during military operations;

Whereas, On January 2 and 3, 1971, Captain Engle flew his aircraft, under adverse weather conditions, through intensive ground fire, continuously making low passes through heavy and accurate anti-aircraft and small arms fire to accurately mark the target of the mission, causing heavy damage against the opposing forces' positions and targets;

Whereas, Captain Engle also received the Distinguished Flying Cross for his bravery and courageous actions on two occasions - October 24, 1970, and August 21, 1970;

Whereas, Captain Engle flew his last mission on February 22, 1971; and

Whereas, Because of his extraordinary heroism, superb airmanship, and aggressiveness in the face of the enemy, Captain Engle deserves special recognition by his fellow Hoosiers: Therefore,

> Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, the Senate concurring:

SECTION 1. That the Indiana General Assembly wishes to create a lasting monument acknowledging the great bravery and final sacrifice of Captain Charles Edwin Engle in giving his life in service to his nation.

SECTION 2. That the Principal Clerk of the House of Representatives shall transmit a copy of this resolution to the family of Captain Charles Edwin Engle and the Commissioner of the Indiana Department of Transportation.

The resolution was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Roads and Transportation.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Roads and Transportation,

to which was referred House Bill 1018, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SEĈTION 1. IC 9-13-2-150.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 150.4. "Refuse" has the meaning set forth in IC 9-21-8-48(a).".

Page 1, line 2, after "(a)" insert "As used in this section, "refuse" means solid and semisolid wastes, dead animals, and offal.

(b)".

Page 1, line 5, strike "or".

Page 1, between lines 5 and 6, begin a new line block indented and insert:

"(2) a vehicle containing agricultural commodities being transported to market, including corn, soybeans, wheat, or similar commodities; or".

Page 1, line 6, strike "(2)" and insert "(3)".
Page 1, line 10, delete "contents" and insert "refuse".
Page 1, line 13, delete "(b)" and insert "(c)".
Page 1, line 16, delete "(c)" and insert "(d)".
Page 1, line 16, delete "(a) and (b)" and insert "(b) and (c)".
Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1018 as introduced.) and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 11, nays 0.

SOLIDAY, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Family, Children and Human Affairs, to which was referred House Bill 1080, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do

(Reference is to HB 1080 as introduced.)

Committee Vote: Yeas 12, Nays 0.

FRIZZELL, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Family, Children and Human Affairs, to which was referred House Bill 1102, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do

(Reference is to HB 1102 as introduced.)

Committee Vote: Yeas 12, Nays 0.

FRIZZELL, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Veterans Affairs and Public Safety, to which was referred House Bill 1122, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 2, line 11, after "." insert "The term includes services provided by an individual certified to provide group crisis intervention, individual crisis intervention, peer support, or any related service.".

Page 2, between lines 11 and 12, begin a new line block indented and insert:

"(4) "Critical incident stress management services provider" or "CISM services provider" means an individual who is certified to provide CISM services and who is acting as part of a CISM team or in another official capacity.".

Page 2, line 12, delete "(4)" and insert "(5)".

Page 2, delete lines 18 through 22.

Page 2, line 34, delete "team" and insert "services provider".

Page 2, line 35, delete "member".

Page 2, line 37, delete "team member" and insert "services provider".

Page 2, line 42, delete "not".

Page 3, line 1, delete "a public record" and insert "confidential".

Page 3, line 4, delete "team member" and insert "services provider".

Page 3, line 6, delete "team member" and insert "**services provider**".

Page 3, line 7, delete "member of the".

Page 3, line 7, delete "team" and insert "services provider".

Page 3, line 12, delete "team" and insert "services

Page 3, line 13, delete "member,".

Page 3, line 20, delete "team member" and insert "services provider".

Page 3, line 22, delete "a" and insert "the".

Page 3, line 22, after "CISM" delete "team member" and insert "services provider".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1122 as introduced.)

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 13, nays 0.

FRYE R, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Roads and Transportation, to which was referred House Bill 1260, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1260 as introduced.)

Committee Vote: Yeas 10, Nays 1.

SOLIDAY, Chair

Report adopted.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS

With consent of the members, the following bills and joint resolutions on Bill List 9 were read a first time by title and referred to the respective committees:

HB 1446 — Judy

Committee on Public Policy

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning professions and occupations.

HB 1447 — Friend, Cherry

Committee on Roads and Transportation

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

HB 1448 — Withdrawn

HB 1449 — DeVon

Committee on Education

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning education.

HB 1450 — Leonard

Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1451 — Morris, Judy

Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1452 — Mayfield

Committee on Courts and Criminal Code

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning courts and court officers.

HB 1453 — Morris

Committee on Courts and Criminal Code

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning family law and juvenile law.

HB 1454 — Morris

Committee on Natural Resources

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning natural and cultural resources.

HB 1455 — Morris

Committee on Roads and Transportation

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

HB 1456 — Morris

Committee on Veterans Affairs and Public Safety

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

HB 1457 — Morris

Committee on Roads and Transportation

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

HB 1458 — Morris

Committee on Employment, Labor and Pensions

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning labor and safety.

HB 1459 — Morris

Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1462 — Ellington

Committee on Local Government

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1463 — Carbaugh

Committee on Employment, Labor and Pensions

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning pensions.

HB 1464 — Carbaugh, Ober, Macer

Committee on Employment, Labor and Pensions

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning labor and safety.

HB 1465 — Carbaugh

Committee on Judiciary

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

HB 1466 — Carbaugh

Committee on Judiciary

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health.

HB 1467 — Carbaugh, VanNatter, Austin

Committee on Employment, Labor and Pensions

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning professions and occupations.

HB 1468 — Carbaugh, Judy

Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning military and veterans.

HB 1469 — Ober, Kirchhofer, Austin

Committee on Public Health

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning professions and occupations.

HB 1470 — Ober

Committee on Government and Regulatory Reform

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state and local administration.

HB 1471 — Siegrist, Sullivan, Heine, Harris

Committee on Utilities, Energy and Telecommunications

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning utilities and to make an appropriation.

HB 1472 — Wesco

Committee on Elections and Apportionment

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

HB 1473 — Porter

Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL FOR AN ACT concerning corrections and to make an appropriation.

HB 1474 — Kirchhofer, Shackleford

Committee on Public Health

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning professions and occupations.

HB 1475 — Klinker

Committee on Public Policy

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning agriculture and animals.

HB 1476 — Klinker

Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning alcohol and tobacco.

HB 1477 — Aylesworth

Committee on Courts and Criminal Code

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning courts and court officers.

HB 1478 — Aylesworth

Committee on Roads and Transportation

A BILL FOR AN ACT concerning transportation.

HB 1479 — Heine, Friend

Committee on Roads and Transportation

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

HB 1480 — VanNatter

Committee on Courts and Criminal Code

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

HB 1481 — VanNatter

Committee on Courts and Criminal Code

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

HB 1482 — Culver

Committee on Courts and Criminal Code

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

HB 1483 — Culver

Committee on Public Health

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health.

HB 1484 — Culver

Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning economic development and to make an appropriation.

HB 1485 — Schaibley

Committee on Roads and Transportation

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

HB 1486 — Schaibley

Committee on Insurance

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning insurance.

HB 1487 — Sullivan

Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1488 — Sullivan, Siegrist, Austin

Committee on Roads and Transportation

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

HB 1489 — Brown T, Stemler, Clere

Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1490 — Brown T, Brown C

Committee on Public Health

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1491 — Soliday

Committee on Roads and Transportation

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

HB 1492 — Soliday

Committee on Roads and Transportation

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

HB 1493 — Brown T

Committee on Public Health

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health and to make an appropriation.

HB 1494 — Wolkins

Committee on Environmental Affairs

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning environmental law.

HB 1495 — Wolkins

Committee on Environmental Affairs

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning environmental law.

HB 1496 — Smaltz

Committee on Public Policy

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning alcohol and tobacco.

HB 1497 — Smaltz

Committee on Public Policy

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning alcohol and tobacco.

HB 1498 — Smaltz

Committee on Public Policy

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning alcohol and tobacco.

HB 1499 — Smaltz

Committee on Judiciary

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning family law and juvenile law.

HB 1500 — Smaltz

Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning public safety.

HB 1501 — Smaltz, Davisson

Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1502 — Smaltz, Soliday

Committee on Roads and Transportation

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

HB 1503 — Smaltz, Olthoff

Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1505 — Saunders, Cherry

Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning local government.

HB 1506 — Friend

Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1507 — Soliday, Pressel

Committee on Education

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning education.

HB 1508 — Judy

Committee on Public Policy

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning military and veterans and to make an appropriation.

HB 1509 — Steuerwald

Committee on Courts and Criminal Code

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning human services.

HB 1510 — Pressel, Siegrist

Committee on Natural Resources

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning natural resources.

HB 1511 — Braun, Brown T, Goodin

Committee on Judiciary

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

HB 1512 — Braun

Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning transportation and to make an appropriation.

HB 1513 — Olthoff, Schaibley

Committee on Courts and Criminal Code

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

HB 1514 — Olthoff

Committee on Courts and Criminal Code

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure and to make an appropriation.

HB 1515 — Olthoff

Committee on Roads and Transportation

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

HB 1516 — Olthoff

Committee on Courts and Criminal Code

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning human services.

HB 1517 — Macer

Committee on Courts and Criminal Code

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

HB 1518 — Goodin

Committee on Courts and Criminal Code

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

HB 1519 — VanNatter

Committee on Utilities, Energy and Telecommunications

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning utilities.

HB 1520 — VanNatter

Select Committee on Government Reduction

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1521 — Richardson

Committee on Elections and Apportionment

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

HB 1522 — Richardson

Committee on Courts and Criminal Code

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning courts and court officers.

HB 1523 — Richardson

Committee on Government and Regulatory Reform

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state and local administration.

HB 1524 — Richardson

Committee on Judiciary

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning property.

HB 1525 — Sullivan, Washburne, McNamara

Committee on Roads and Transportation

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

HB 1526 — Heaton, Ellington

Committee on Financial Institutions

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning business and other associations.

HB 1527 — Soliday

Committee on Roads and Transportation

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1528 — Dvorak

Committee on Employment, Labor and Pensions

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning labor and safety.

HB 1529 — Dvorak

Committee on Utilities, Energy and Telecommunications

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning utilities.

HB 1531 — Dvorak

Committee on Utilities, Energy and Telecommunications

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning utilities.

HB 1532 — Nisly

Committee on Public Policy

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning alcohol and tobacco.

HB 1533 — McNamara, Steuerwald

Committee on Courts and Criminal Code

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

HB 1534 — McNamara, Kirchhofer

Committee on Public Policy

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning civil procedure.

HB 1535 — McNamara

Committee on Veterans Affairs and Public Safety

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning public safety and to make an appropriation.

HB 1536 — Engleman

Committee on Local Government

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1537 — Gutwein, Burton, GiaQuinta

Committee on Employment, Labor and Pensions

A BILL FOR AN ACT concerning pensions.

HB 1538 — Burton, Bauer

Committee on Judiciary

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

HB 1539 — Burton

Committee on Financial Institutions

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning financial institutions.

HB 1540 — Davisson

Committee on Public Health

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning professions and occupations.

HB 1541 — Davisson, Ziemke, Shackleford

Committee on Public Health

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning Medicaid.

HB 1542 — Davisson, Frizzell

Committee on Public Health

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning education.

HB 1543 — Davisson, Frizzell, Moed

Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning professions and occupations.

HB 1544 — Davisson, Ziemke, Clere

Committee on Insurance

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning insurance.

Representative DeLaney, who had been present is now excused.

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILLS ON THIRD READING

Engrossed House Bill 1020

Representative Washburne called down Engrossed House Bill 1020 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning general provisions.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 10: yeas 83, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsors: Senators M. Young and Tomes.

Representative C. Brown, who had been excused is now present. Representatives Ziemke and Hatfield, who had been present, are now excused.

Engrossed House Bill 1039

Representative Torr called down Engrossed House Bill 1039 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 11: yeas 82, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsors: Senators Crider, Kenley and Delph.

The House recessed until the fall of the gavel.

RECESS

The House reconvened at 1:55 p.m. with the Speaker in the Chair.

JOINT CONVENTION

The Speaker introduced Governor Eric Holcomb, Lt. Governor Suzanne Crouch, President Pro Tempore David Long, Senate Minority Leader Tim Lanane, and House Minority Leader Scott Pelath, and the honored guests as followed: 70 trial court judges from around the State, Former Justices of the Court Randall Shepard, Frank Sullivan and Brent Dickson; Luke Rush, son of Chief Justice Rush; Jim Rush, husband of Chief Justice Rush; Helene Bishop, sister of Chief Justice Rush; Maureen Keefe, wife of Justice Mark Massa; Catheryne Pully, guest of Justice Steve David; Curtis Hill, Attorney General; Jennifer McCormick, Superintendent of Public Instruction; Connie Lawson, Secretary of State; Tera Klutz, Auditor of State

The Speaker yielded the gavel to Lt. Governor Suzanne Crouch, President of the Senate, who convened the Joint Session and presented the Chief Justice as follows:

Members of the Joint Assembly: Pursuant to Section 3 of Article 7 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana, this joint session of the two houses of the Indiana General Assembly is now convened for the purpose of hearing a message from the Chief Justice of Indiana. It is my privilege to present to you the Distinguished Chief Justice of Indiana, the Honorable Loretta Rush.

Chief Justice Rush was escorted to the rostrum by Senators Bray, Glick, Lanane and Tallian and Representatives Ziemke, McNamara, DeLaney and Hatfield.

Chief Justice introduced Supreme Court Justices Robert Rucker, Steven David, Mark Massa and Geoffrey Slaughter and Court of Appeals Justices Nancy Vaidik, John Baker, Edward Najam, Patricia Riley, James Kirsch, Melissa May, Paul Mathias, Michael Barnes, Terry Crone, Cale Bradford, Elaine Brown, Rudy Pyle, Robert Altice and Tax Court Judge Martha Blood Wentworth.

STATE OF THE JUDICIARY

Introduction

Governor Holcomb, Lt. Governor Crouch, members of the General Assembly, colleagues on the bench, family, and friends: Welcome to the 2017 State of the Judiciary.

It is always a privilege to join the leadership of our Executive and Legislative branches in this magnificent chamber. A new year is a fitting time for the Judicial Branch to renew our pledge to work together for the benefit of every Hoosier.

As Chief Justice of Indiana it is my duty to report to you the

condition of Indiana's courts—my third such address. Our courts continue to carry out our constitutional mission in the 1,396,362 cases that came before us last year. But we do not fulfill our mission alone. We owe our success to many "partners in justice"—the focus of today's address.

But first, I am pleased to introduce you to our newest Justice, Geoffrey Slaughter. You might assume that being appointed to the Court in June was the highlight of 2016 for him. And it was—until November 3rd when at 1:30 a.m., 39,466 days of disappointment ended. Stop by Justice Slaughter's chambers and he will gladly share in play-by-play detail every moment of the Cubs' historic World Series win. Congratulations to Geoff on both counts!

Honoring Justice Rucker

We now turn our attention from our Court's newest member to our longest serving.

In 1964, while working at a Lake County steel mill, a Gary Roosevelt High School graduate began studies at Indiana University Northwest. He was called away from his undergraduate days to serve our country in Vietnam where, as a member of the Army 1st Air Cavalry Division, he fought to relieve Marines who were under siege at Khe Sanh. He was later awarded a Purple Heart and a Bronze Star for his heroism.

Returning from service, he graduated from Valparaiso Law School and began his legal career as a deputy prosecutor, then worked as a city attorney and as a private practice attorney, before being appointed to the Court of Appeals in 1991, and then the Supreme Court in 1999.

Justice Rucker has written 1,235 legal opinions—opinions that are being read in courthouses across the country, including one special courthouse in Lake County, named in his honor. His body of work stands as a powerful illustration of the guidance courts provide for the peaceful resolution of disputes encompassing nearly every facet of Hoosier life.

His opinion in Anglemyer v. State, [868 N.E.2d 482 (Ind. 2007), clarified on reh'g, 875 N.E.2d 818] which has been cited nearly 7,000 times throughout the country, brought clarity to Indiana's sentencing laws in a time of great upheaval. Justice Rucker's opinions have enforced core constitutional values—such as preserving family integrity and community [see, e.g., Bester v. Lake Cnty. Office of Family and Children, 839 N.E.2d 143 (Ind. 2005); In re E.M., 4 N.E.3d 636, 650–56 (Ind. 2014) (Rucker, J., dissenting)]; and ensuring access to justice for people with limited English proficiency [Ponce v. State, 9 N.E.3d 1265 (Ind. 2014)].

Justice Rucker is one of Indiana's few members of the American Law Institute—one of the nation's most influential groups of legal scholars. His contributions to Indiana's jurisprudence are remarkable. His legal scholarship is innovative and insightful in applying the constitutional values he has sworn to uphold. But perhaps most importantly, Justice Robert Rucker has always had the courage and fortitude to protect the rights of all, regardless of their state in life. He has the ability to stand in the shoes of any person and understand their plight. In a word, he has a tremendous sense of humanity.

We will be returning to Gary Roosevelt High School on March 9th this year to hear one of Justice Rucker's final arguments. Our colleague and friend is retiring after 26 years of distinguished judicial service. Thirty-one appellate judges have had the honor of serving with this brilliant, collegial, and humble public servant. He has made all of us better. Please join me and Justices David, Massa, and Slaughter in thanking Justice Robert D. Rucker for his long, faithful, and conscientious service to the people of Indiana.

Updates

Now, I would like to briefly report on the progress of several previously announced initiatives.

Our commercial courts are already hearing dozens of complex business litigation cases in the six pilot sites serving companies throughout our state.

We completed an exhaustive reorganization of our judicial branch administrative services. Part of that process was a nationwide search for a Chief Administrative Officer: a search that brought us just 50 miles away, to New Castle. Please welcome Judge Mary Willis as our first CAO.

We have continued our commitment to make dedicated Veterans' Courts available to all qualified service members. Soon, six new Veterans' Courts will join our 19 existing ones. Overall, 82 such problem-solving courts are addressing substance abuse, mental health, violence, and re-entry issues.

Finally, we welcomed nine Marion County Small Claims Court judges as full-time judicial officers under the Code of Judicial Conduct and sharing in our technology and judicial education programs. We are glad to have them join us today.

Partners in Justice

This past year, your judiciary has made progress every day to make practical improvements to the courts. And we have not done it alone. Running Indiana's courts requires the hands and hearts of thousands of women and men in all of our 92 counties. These partners in justice are often overlooked. But not today.

Dozens of judges from across the state are here to show their gratitude for the hard work of our partners. Who are these partners? They are the clerks, support staff, public defenders, prosecutors, probation officers, volunteers, advocates, law enforcement, interpreters, service providers, mentors, educators, community corrections, child services employees, local government officials, attorneys, and others.

Please direct your attention to the gallery and north balcony, where you will see some of these partners who are essential to justice in our state. For the rest of this address, I will take you on a statewide tour highlighting their vital contributions in three major and ongoing judicial branch initiatives:

- 1. Adopting modern technology to revolutionize our court system;
- 2.Ensuring public safety that complements your important criminal code reforms; and
- 3. Supporting and strengthening Hoosier families in need.

Revolutionary Use of Technology

What better place to begin than with our constitutional partners—the clerks. Above Clerk Christine Eurton's door in the Floyd County courthouse is the saying "Justice Begins...at the Clerk's Office." And how right they are! Clerks along with court staff are playing a critical role in our judicial branch's modernization efforts.

Hamilton County Clerk Tammy Baitz and Chief Deputy Debbie LePere are pioneers of our electronic filing system, which streamlines the legal process and saves time and money. After successfully implementing e-filing in Hamilton County, they now graciously host and train many of our judges, clerks, and support staff.

Our state began electronic filing in July 2015 with the goal of improving efficiency and accessibility to our courts. In just 18 months we have expanded this technology to over 25% of counties, totaling 30,000 filings each week! This number will continue to grow as the system is deployed statewide within the next two years. Tammy and Deb, please stand on behalf of all

clerks. We could not have tackled this needed reform without the perseverance and grit of all of you.

As Tippecanoe County Clerk Christa Coffey is clearing out rooms full of paper in her own county, she is helping us determine what documents should be made available online. Clerk Coffey and Henry County Clerk Debra Walker are both representatives on the Advisory Task Force on Remote Access to and Privacy of Electronic Court Records. Our partners serving on this Task Force also include several of you, along with the Hoosier State Press Association, ACLU, law professors, and other citizens. With valuable input from this diverse group, the Court has approved free online access to certain court documents, and we look forward to their continued thoughtful analysis as we balance privacy and access.

Criminal Code Reform

Law enforcement is certainly one of our vital partners in the implementation of criminal justice reform. It is my honor as Chief Justice to administer the oath each year to new Indiana State Police troopers. I make it a point to sit down individually with each of them and, in doing so, I can't help but think of all the challenges that lie ahead for them. They are on the front lines dealing with problems that make their way into our courtrooms such as drug overdoses, domestic violence, and children in crisis.

Wayne County Judge Darrin Dolehanty refers to his local Sheriff Jeff Cappa as a hero in the Juvenile Detention Alternatives Initiative, otherwise known as JDAI. This program's objective is to keep communities safe while reducing childhood incarcerations. It is well-documented that many people, including children with mental health issues, end up in detention due to a lack of treatment options.

In one case, a child with mental health issues was becoming increasingly aggressive, and the family was struggling, resulting in many officer visits to the child's home. Sheriff Cappa was instrumental in working with the courts and the child's family so the child could receive much needed mental health treatment instead of a juvenile jail cell.

And JDAI is working. Indiana has 32 JDAI counties with initial reporting showing a 50% reduction in children being incarcerated, along with a corresponding 45% reduction in felony charges. Naturally, these reductions resulted in significant dollar savings to both the individual counties and to the state. Only the many JDAI partnerships, including those with law enforcement, make this possible.

Of course, we are not confining reform efforts to our children. We are undertaking a smart and intentional review of the overall fairness of court procedures that require monetary bail for low-risk offenders who do not exhibit a threat to public safety. Eleven counties—Allen, Bartholomew, Grant, Hamilton, Hendricks, Jefferson, Monroe, Porter, St. Joseph, Starke, and Tipton—have already assembled pilot teams that include prosecutors, public defenders, law enforcement officers, and elected officials. These teams are working together to find better ways to assure that low-risk offenders are attending their court hearings, regardless of their families' ability to bail them out of jail. We are grateful for the hard work of these local teams who are providing data to create a framework for smarter and safer pre-trial decision making.

Probation is under the direction of our trial court judges, and increased probation supervision is an important element of criminal justice reform. Miami County Judges Daniel Banina, David Grund, and Timothy Spahr depend on Probation Officers like Mandy Miller to diligently supervise offenders.

Mandy and five other probation officers oversee more than 700 people that are on probation in their county. Sound

overwhelming? Don't tell that to Mandy. She instituted what she called a "pink file," which includes those important tasks that she can't get to during the day. That pink file goes home with her at night—because people are depending on her.

Last year Indiana had 1,300 probation officers supervising over 129,000 offenders; or in other words, one officer for every one hundred offenders. Indiana's courts depend on dedicated probation officers, and we are grateful for their critical and tireless work.

Courts implementing criminal justice reform require increased utilization of community-based corrections to help offenders succeed. Last year over 35,000 offenders were placed on community corrections. Successful community placement cannot be achieved by government alone. In Dubois County, there is a special 79-year-old Community Corrections volunteer named Bob Vogler. He is a civic-minded retiree, who leads a partnership between local work-release and a faith-based community called Churches Embracing Offenders.

Bob's commitment to helping offenders re-integrate back into their community is about much more than finding work for them. Bob leads 100 volunteers from eight churches that are focused on the spiritual and emotional well-being of the offenders in the program. He hosts a monthly Wednesday night meal, meets and prays with his clients, and donates his time to making their lives better. Yes, your judiciary depends on volunteers like Bob. Bob, could you please stand? We need more of you.

Strengthening Hoosier Families

Healthy families represent the foundation of every society. But sadly that is not the case for thousands of Hoosier families that are appearing before us in court and in crisis. Our partners are making a difference to help those in need find a better path. Modern challenges do not weaken the Indiana Constitution's mandate to administer justice freely, completely, and speedily. To the contrary, that mandate is more urgent now than ever.

I doubt you would be surprised to know that those guiding words from the Indiana Constitution hang in the law library down the hall. You may not know that our library's collection also includes Indiana's 1853 legislative enactments, written not only in English, but also in German, as that was the native tongue of many Hoosiers at that time. Interestingly, our leaders also had the 1851 Constitution printed in German as well as English.

Today, the vast majority of cases involve English-speaking litigants. But we did have over 14,000 cases last year where a person appeared in court with limited to no English proficiency, or was deaf or hearing impaired. Marion County Prosecutor Terry Curry recognized this problem and did something about it

He appointed Deputy Prosecutor Lun Pieper as the Burmese Outreach Director for his office and calls her "an invaluable asset in working with our Burmese population." As an immigrant who once lived under a military dictatorship where there are no jury trials or plea agreements, Lun brings more than bilingual skills to the courtroom: she understands her clients' day-to-day challenges and works with families on Victim Impact Panels and crime prevention.

Like Lun, South Bend attorney Mark Torma is helping families, specifically those who are trying to navigate the court system without the aid of an attorney. The path to truth and justice can be very difficult for them, which is why volunteer lawyers like Mark are so crucial to fair access to the courts. Many court cases are not constitutional issues or complex business disputes; they are everyday matters.

Mark recently helped a family avoid a housing crisis by resolving a \$200 monthly utility bill dispute. This may not seem like much, but it can be devastating to a family living paycheck to paycheck. This past year, the Court created a Coalition for Court Access to find solutions to pressing needs like these everyday disputes. We thank Mark, the Coalition, and the 7,200 attorneys who donated more than 220,000 volunteer hours to Hoosiers in need last year.

Every day judges struggle to find safe homes for children. Last year they succeeded in changing the lives of almost 4,000 Hoosier children by issuing adoption decrees, thereby giving these children a stable "forever family." Our judiciary joins in your commitment to have Indiana shine as the most adoption-friendly state in the country. Adoption Day is celebrated across the state with community partners like the Great Kids Make Great Communities program in Allen County.

Judge Charlie Pratt depends on his Family Court Administrator, Nancy Springer, to coordinate their Adoption Day festivities. To promote adoptions, Nancy channeled her inner MTV spirit to help create Allen County's own music video that tells the story of an adoption! Capturing the smiling faces of those children is one of the happiest days of the year in court. Nancy and coordinators like her who help children find a home deserve our thanks.

In stark contrast, last year alone almost 18,000 children entered the child welfare system, a 23% increase in what we call CHINS cases or Child In Need of Services cases. To be clear, these are not cases of juvenile delinquency, where the child has broken the law. These are cases of abuse and neglect, where a child's parent has been dealing meth, or is in jail for battery, or—with frightening frequency—where an innocent baby is brought into the world addicted to drugs. The courts could not help these children without dedicated partners.

One of those partners is Tippecanoe County Prosecutor Pat Harrington, who is confronting a terrible reality: children in his community who have been sexually trafficked. Prosecutor Harrington attended a national summit and came back inspired to effect real change for these children. He is partnering with the faith community and establishing a residential shelter to help them heal.

His innovative approach is possible thanks in part to your legislation, which ensures these children are part of the child welfare system and not treated as criminal cases. Thank you, Prosecutor Harrington and lawmakers, for your wisdom in making this distinction.

Praise also goes to our 3,400 Court Appointed Special Advocates. CASAs serve as front-line advocates for thousands of children who need a voice in court. Judge Stephen Galvin of Monroe County turned to CASA Gary Friedman to be that "voice" for an 8-year-old girl named Kadi. Kadi began life in need of a liver transplant and with birth parents who could not care for her.

Thanks to Gary and Kadi's adoptive parents, Mark and Donna Kingsbury, Kadi now focuses on important 8-year-old matters like swimming and drawing. Indiana's judiciary depends on caring CASAs like Gary.

While those judicial partners help children, others help Hoosiers later in life. For example, Owen County's Volunteer Guardianship Program, one of 29 across our state, serves vulnerable seniors. Judge Lori Quillen knows this program is crucial to preserving the well-being of seniors in need—seniors like 68-year-old Sue. Sue suffered a stroke, leaving her unable to care for herself.

As if that was not enough, family members were stealing money and medications from her. Heather Donovan, her court-

appointed Guardian, ensured that Sue's final days on this earth were spent in the safety of her home, complete with assisted care, occupational therapy, and delivered meals. Heather, we applaud your service.

This volunteer program was made possible in part because local banks identified a need to prevent elderly Hoosiers from having their savings looted by drug-seeking family members. Local banks, churches, and community organizations put up the seed money that was matched by the Supreme Court to start this program. In Judge Quillen's words, "Owen County doesn't have a lot of money, but we are blessed with people who come together and work for the common good." This program is just six months old, and already it is a model for others.

Conclusion

Yes, we are blessed in Indiana with many good people. Those we have highlighted today on this tour are just a small sample of the extraordinary work and heavy lifting done by our multitude of partners working for justice. The final partner to recognize today is you: the dedicated members of our Executive and Legislative branches.

On behalf of the Judicial Branch, I thank all of you for supporting the vision of an effective, efficient, and fair system of justice. Your partnerships on these many initiatives illustrate your commitment to our State, your dedication to serving our citizens, and most of all your deep desire to ensure the future is bright for all Hoosiers. Thank you and God bless our State.

Lt. Governor Crouch adjourned the Joint Convention.

RECESS

The House reconvened at 2:34 p.m. with the Speaker in the Chair.

OTHER BUSINESS ON THE SPEAKER'S TABLE

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Smaltz be added as coauthor of House Bill 1030.

LUCAS

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Nisly be added as coauthor of House Bill 1050.

JUDY

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Pierce be added as coauthor of House Bill 1065.

STEUERWALD

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives Moseley, Klinker and Frye be added as coauthors of House Bill 1124.

WESCO

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Ober be added as coauthor of House Bill 1133.

LEHMAN

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Frye be added as coauthor of House Bill 1141.

BRAUN

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Candelaria Reardon be added as coauthor of House Bill 1184.

LAWSON

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Hatfield be added as coauthor of House Bill 1282.

SULLIVAN

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Pierce be added as coauthor of House Bill 1349.

STEUERWALD

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Smaltz be added as coauthor of House Bill 1352.

HUSTON

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Karickhoff be added as coauthor of House Bill 1355.

ERRINGTON

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Macer be added as coauthor of House Bill 1356.

ERRINGTON

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives Macer and Olthoff be added as coauthors of House Bill 1358.

ERRINGTON

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives Goodin and Lehe be added as coauthors of House Bill 1401.

CHERRY

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Schaibley be added as coauthor of House Bill 1416.

COOK

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives Kirchhofer and

Frizzell be added as coauthors of House Bill 1435.

AUSTIN

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Mahan be added as coauthor of House Bill 1470.

OBER

Motion prevailed.

Pursuant to House Rule 60, committee meetings were announced.

On the motion of Representative Slager, the House adjourned at 2:36 p.m., this Eighteenth day of January, 2017, until Monday, January 23, 2017, at 1:30 p.m.

BRIAN C. BOSMA

Speaker of the House of Representatives

M. CAROLINE SPOTTS
Principal Clerk of the House of Representatives